## Max-Planck-Institut für ausländisches und internationales Strafrecht

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#### **Emmanouil Billis** (1983)

Dr. jur. (Freiburg), LL.M. (Bonn); senior researcher at the Max Planck Institute for Foreign and International Criminal Law: former member of the International Max Planck Research School for Comparative Criminal Law: recipient. Alexander S. Onassis Foundation Scholarship: lawyer (Athens Bar Association); publications on Greek, English, and German criminal law and procedure. European and international criminal law, and comparative criminal law.

### Vasiliki Chalkiadaki (1985)

Dr. jur. (Freiburg), LL.M. (Freiburg/Basel/ Strasbourg): former researcher at the Max Planck Institute for Foreign and International Criminal Law: former member of the International Max Planck Research School for Comparative Criminal Law; lawyer (Athens Bar Association); publications on Greek, English, French, and German criminal law. criminology, and comparative criminal law.

Since the entry into force of the Greek Penal Code in 1951, the basic principles governing the substantive criminal law and the provisions on the general structure of the criminal offence have remained for the most part unaltered. Changes in the general part of the Penal Code have focused mainly on the sentencing provisions. the execution of punishments, and the rules referring to juvenile offenders. The special part of the Code, however, which consists of the individual definitions of criminal offences, has been widely amended several times. Efforts have always been made to adapt the law to modern socio-ethical, political, economic, and international developments, particularly in the fields of terrorism and corruption. as well as organized, white-collar, and sexual crime. This translation covers all the revisions and amendments of the last 35 years. The present volume also includes a systematic introduction to the basic characteristics and fundamental principles of criminal law and the Penal Code of Greece. As such, it is an indispensable resource for legal professionals, comparatists, and international scholars interested in the Greek criminal justice system.

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The Greek Penal Code









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The Max Planck Institute for Foreign and International Criminal Law in Freiburg is part of the Max Planck Society, an organization dedicated to the advancement of basic research. The Institute is composed of a Department of Criminal Law, led by Prof. Dr. Dr. h.c. mult. Ulrich Sieber, and a Department of Criminology, headed by Prof. Dr. Dr. h.c. mult. Hans-Jörg Albrecht.

In addition to the study of basic questions of criminal law. comparative law, and criminology, the Institute's research agenda focuses primarily on three central challenges epitomized by the terms "global society," "information society," and "new risk society." As crime becomes more global, it makes increasing use of international data networks: through the employment of technology and organization, its consequences for society as a whole – even in seemingly isolated cases – can be significant.

Thus, the Institute's current research program encompasses the goals and methods of comparative legal research and legal harmonization, model criminal laws. European criminal law, international criminal law. Internet and information law. money laundering, organized crime, terrorism, crime in post-conflict societies, as well as empirical studies on criminal procedure, alternative methods of crime prevention, reactions to dangerous offenders, and victimology.



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